United States Court of Appeals for the Second Circuit



APPENDIX

75-1429

UNITED STATES COURT OF APPEALS FOR THE SECOND CIRCUIT

BAS

UNITED STATES OF AMERICA,
Appellee,

-against-

Docket No. 75-1429

ERNESTO BATISTA,

Appellant.

APPENDIX

ON APPEAL FROM A JUDGMENT OF THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR THE SOUTHERN DISTRICT OF NEW YORK



ROBERT G. ROXBY, ESQ.
&
ROBERT LLOYD CORBIN, ESQ.
Attorneys for Appellant
ERNESTO BATISTA
30 Christopher Street
New York, New York 10014
(212) 255-1313

PAGINATION AS IN OHIGINAL COPY

TABLE OF CONTENTS

| DISTRICT COURT CRIMINAL DO | OCKET" | A" |
|----------------------------|-----------------|----|
| INDICTMENT, 75 CR 320 | | B" |
| Transcript of Proceedings, | June 26, 1975" | C" |
| Transcript of Proceedings, | Sept. 4, 1975" | D" |
| Transcript of Proceedings, | Sept. 19, 1975" | E" |

CRIMINAL DOCKET

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COUR JUDGE PIERCE 75 CRIM. 320

D. C. Form No. 100 Rev. TITLE OF CASE ATTORNEYS THE UNITED STATES For U.S.: 23. Amorosa AUSA ERNESTO BATISTA MANUELA RODRIGUEZ JOSE R. HENRIQUES JULIAN GALLEGO For Defendant: Lee J. Robbins (Rodriguez & Galège 377 B'way. N. Y. C. 10013 431-5933 Robert E. Roxby (Batista) 30 Christopher, St. N.Y. C. 10014 255-1313 NAME OR STATISTICAL RECORD COSTS DATE REC DISB. (07)RECEIPT NO. J.S. 2 mailed Clerk J.S. 3 mailed Marshal Violation Docket fee Title Sec. 21:346 Comp. to viol. Fed. Narcotic Laws. (Ct.1) 21:312,341,(C)(1),(b). Distr. & possess. Wintent to Listr. Cocaine schedule, II (Cts.2-5) (Five Counts) DATE PROCEEDINGS 3-27-75 Filed indictment. All defts. No appearance. Court directs entry of not guilty plea. 4-7-75 B/Ws ordered. Motions returnable in 10 days. Case assigned to Judge Pierce for all purposes. Cooper, J. 4-7-75 ALL DEFTS. -Bench Warrants Issued. MANUELA RODRIGUEZ & JULIAN GALLEGO-Filed notice of appearance of Lee J. Robbins 4-9-75 as attorney for defts. 4-10-75 ALL DEFTS. -Filed Govt's, notice of readiness for trial on or after 4-30-75. 4-16-75 Deft. Batista and his autorney Robert E. Roxby present. Pre-trial conference held. Trial - September 27, 1975 at 9:30 A.M. Deft. pleads not guilty as charged. Bail continued at \$5,000 P.R.B. secured by \$500 cash....Pierce, J. 4-17-75 ERNESTO BATISTA-Filed notice of appearance of Robert E. Roxby as attorney for deft. 5-5-75 JOSE H. HENRIQUES-Filed CJA Form 20 Copy 2 approving payment to Martin Rosen,

dated 4-25-75......Pierce, J.

| DATE | PROCEEDINGS |
|----------|--|
| 05-30-75 | ERNESTO RATISTA-Filed deit's. affidavit & notice of motion to suppress, ret.6-11-75. |
| 05-30-75 | ERNESTO BATISTA-Filed Deft's. affidavit & notice of motion for a bill of particulars |
| : | and for discovery & inspection, ret. 6-11-75. |
| 6-26-75/ | Deft. Batista (atty present) withdraws his plea of not guilty and pleads guilty to |
| • | count 1 only. Pre-sentence investigation ordered. Sentence 9-4-75. Bail continued and bail limits are extended to include E.D.N.Y. and S.D.N.YPierce, J. |
| 8-18-75 | ERNESTO BATISTA-Filed affidavit & notice of motion of Robert Lloyd Corbin and |
| | Bobert G. Roxby to be relieved as co-counsel for deft. |
| 9-4-75 ∨ | Deft. Datista sentence adjourned to 9-19-75 at 9:15 A.M. Bail (\$500 Cash) continuedPierce,J. |
| 9-5-75 | ERNESTO BATISTA-Filed NEMO ENDORSED on rotion filed 8-18-75. Motion denied for the reasons stated on the record 8-20-75Pierce,J. (mailed notice) |
| 9-19-75 | CERNESTO BATISTA-Filed JUDGMENT & COMMITMENT (acty present) The deft, is hereby committed to the custody of the Attorney General or his authorized representative for imprisonment for a period of SEVEN (7) YEARS on count 1. Pursuant to the provisions of Title 21, Section 841, United States Code, the deft. is placed on Special Parole for a term of THREE (3) YEARS to commence upon expiration of |
| | sentence. Deft. is remanded. Counts 2,3,4, and 5 are dismissed on motion of deft's. counsel with consent of GovtPierce,J. |
| `` | Issued commitment 9-24-75. |
| 9-29-75 | ERNESTO BATISTA-Filed deft's. notice of appeal from the final judgment of conviction entered on 9-19-75. Mailed copies to Ernesto Batista, M.C.C., 150 Park Row, N.Y.C. and U.S. Attorney's Office. |
| • | A TRUE COPY Glork |
| • | RAYMOND R. HOROHARDT a CLOPA |
| | By Deputy Clerk |
| | |
| | |
| | |
| | |
| | |

UNITED STATES OF AMERICA,

v -

ERNESTO BATISTA,
MANUELA RODRIGUEZ,
JOSE R. HENRIQUES and
JULIAN GALLEGO,

Defendants.

75 CM. 320

INDICTMENT

75 Cr.



The Grand Jury charges:

1. From on or about the 1st day of November, 1974, and continuously thereafter up to and including the date of the filing of this indictment, in the Southern District of New York and elsewhere, ERNESTO BATISTA, MANUELA RODRIGUEZ, JOSE R. HENRIQUES and JULIAN GALLEGO, the defendants, and others to the Grand Jury known and unknown, unlawfully, intentionally and knowingly combined, conspired, confederated and agreed together and with each other to violate Sections 812, 841(a)(1) and 841(b)(1)(A) of Title 21, United States Code.

B

2. It was part of said conspiracy that the said defendants unlawfully, intentionally and knowingly would distribute and possess with intent to distribute Schedule I and II narcotic drug controlled substances the exact amount thereof being to the Grand Jury unknown in violation of Sections 812, 841(a)(1) and 841(b)(1)(A) of Title 21, United States Code.

OVERT ACTS

In pursuance of the said conspiracy and to effect the objects thereof, the following overt acts were committed in the Southern District of New York and elsewhere:

1. On or about February 11, 1975 the defendant ERNESTO BATISTA sold approximately 124.90 grams of cocaine hydrochloride at or near 263 West End Avenue, New York, New York.

Ac

- 2. On or about February 28, 1975, the defendant ERNESTO BATISTA drove to 355 West 85th Street, New York, New York.
- 3. On or about March 14, 1975 the defendant ERNESTO BATISTA entered the premises situated at 2696 Broadway, New York, New York.
- 4. On or about March 14, 1975 the defendant ERNESTO BATISTA drove to the vicinity of 62 Roselle Street, Mineola, Long Island, New York.
- 5. On or about March 14, 1975 the defendant ERNESTO BATISTA possessed a package containing cocaine hydrochloride.
- 6. On or about March 14, 1975 the defendants

 JULIAN GALLEGO and JOSE HENRIQUES entered the premises known
 as Apartment 2-F, 62 Roselle Street, Mineola, New York.

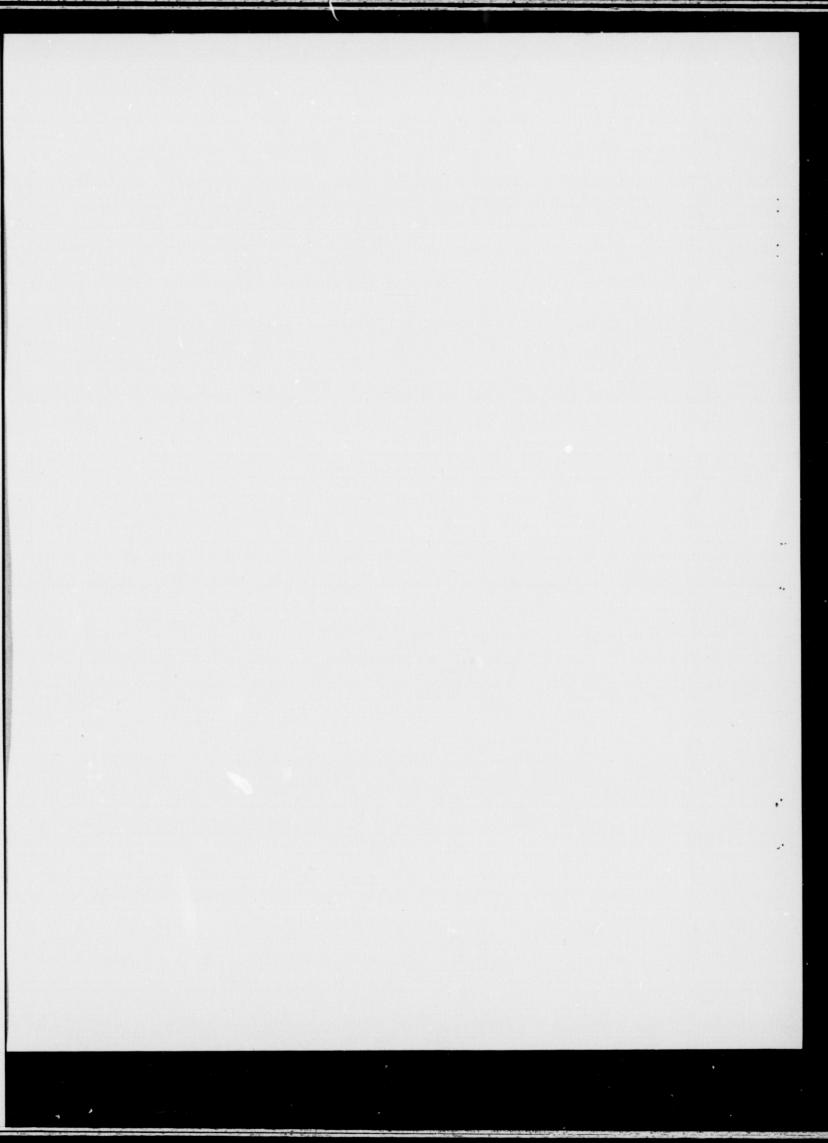
(Title 21, United States Code, Section 846.)

COUNT TWO

The Grand Jury further charges:

On or about the 11th day of February, 1975, in the Southern District of New York, ERNESTO BATISTA, MANUELA RODRIGUEZ, JOSE R. HENRIQUES and JULIAN GALLEGO, the defendants, unlawfully, intentionally and knowingly did distribute and possess with intent to distribute a Schedule II narcotic drug controlled substance, to wit, approximately 0.11 grams of cocaine hydrochloride.

(Title 21, United States Code, Sections 812, 841(a)(1) and 841(b)(1)(A).)



COUNT THREE

The Grand Jury further charges:

On or about the 11th day of February, 1975, in the Southern District of New York, ERNESTO BATISTA, MANUELA RODRIGUEZ, JOSE R. HENRIQUES and JULIAN GALLEGO, the defendants, unlawfully, intentionally and knowingly did distribute and possess with intent to distribute a Schedule II narcotic drug controlled substance, to wit, approximately 124.90 grams of cocaine hydrochloride.

(Title 21, United States Code, Sections 812, 841(a)(1) and $841(b)(1)(\Lambda)$.)

COUNT FOUR

The Grand Jury further charges:

On or about the 19th day of February, 1975, in the Southern District of New York, ERNESTO BATISTA, MANUELA RODRIGUEZ, JOSE R. HENRIQUES and JULIAN GALLEGO, the defendants, unlawfully, intentionally and knowingly did distribute and possess with intent to distribute a Schedule II narcotic drug controlled substance, to wit, approximately 0.07 grams of cocaine.

(Title 21, United States Code, Sections 812, 841(a)(1) and 841(b)(1)(A).)

COUNT FIVE

The Grand Jury further charges:

On or about the 28th day of February, 1975, in the Southern District of New York, ERNESTO BATISTA, MANUELA RODRIGUEZ, JOSE R. HENRIQUES and JULIAN GALLEGO, the defendants, unlawfully, intentionally and knowingly did distribute and possess with intent to distribute a Schedule II narcotic drug controlled substance, to wit, approximately 124.07 grams of cocaine hydrochloride.

(Title 21, United States Code, Sections 812, 841(a)(1) and 841(b)(1)(A).)

Core de Dine

PAUL J. CURRAN

United States Attorney

75 COM SO. USA-335-274 (Ed. 0-25-58)

United States District Court

SOUTHERN DISTRICT OF NEW YORK

THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA

vs.

ERNESTO BATISTA,
HANUELA RODRIGUEZ,
JOSE R. HENRIQUES and
JULIAN GALLEGO,

Defendants.

INDICTMENT

21 U.S.C. \$\$\$\$846, 812, 841(a)(1) and 841(b)(1)(A).

PAUL J. CURRAN

United States Attorney

A TRUE BILL

Foreman

ba

PPI-06-1-13-70-20M'-4925

S. 015 CO

ALUGE PIEKUE 1-7-75. Dufte Enesto Batista, Manuela Kode " ose Henriques, Julian Gallege, "IT Pige. Court enter plan y 7119 as 1 and Mifts. lan arregues to Tearle 10 days for motions 18/11/13 cul 16, 1975 - Dest Betwite and he atty Robert E. Roxh.

fresent - Prot pleases not quity and age. Jum eving Roxfy - Col Trial - September 27, 1975 at 9:30 - Bail cont'd. Presa, T N 26 1975 . " eft Batista (all post) witham R plea of not quely + fleach quelty to Count I only. Indered-Sentence 9-4-75- Bul contid and I limite are extended to include E.D. N. Y and DIV.T. optember 4, 1975 - Sentence adjourned to 1/19/75 at 9:15 A.M. Bail (500. cash) continued get 19, 1971 - Det (att feart) Pierce, J sentened to Typane on count 1. 21, Section of year Special Perole permeter of continue.

| | | DISTRICT CO |
|----|--|----------------------------|
| 1 | UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT | FILED COUP |
| 2 | SOUTHERN DISTRICT OF NEW YORK | JAN 14 1976 |
| 3 | х | S. D. OF N. Y. |
| 4 | THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA : | 01 11 |
| 5 | vs. : | 75 Cr 320 |
| 6 | ERNESTO BATISTA, : | |
| 7 | Defendant. : | |
| 8 | : X | |
| 9 | | June 26, 1975 4:45 p.m. |
| 10 | Before: HON. LAWRENCE W. PIERCE, | |
| 11 | District Judge | |
| 12 | | |
| 13 | | |
| 14 | APPEARANCES | |
| 15 | PAUL J. CURRAN, | |
| 16 | United States Attorney for the Southern District of New York | |
| 17 | BY: DANIEL F. AMOROSA, ESQ. | |
| 18 | Assistant United States Attorney | |
| 19 | | |
| 20 | ROBERT E. ROXBY, ESQ., | |
| 21 | ROBERT LLOYD CORBIN, ESQ., Attorneys for defendant. | |
| 22 | | |
| 23 | SYLVIA AGUILAR, | |
| 24 | Spanish Interpreter. | |
| 25 |) / | |

Clerk of the Court.)

herein.

MR. CORBIN: At this time Mr. Ernesto Batista wishes to withdraw his previously entered plea of not guilty and enter a plea of guilty to count one of the indictment herein, which is conspiracy to possess and to possess with intent to distribute certain controlled substances, and this will cover, your Honor, the entire indictment herein, and in addition, any crimes for which Mr. Batista may be held accountable in the future in the Eastern District of New York that are connected with the subject matter of the case

THE COURT: That is a matter you have taken up with the government.

MR. CORBIN: That's correct, your Honor.

THE COURT: Is the offer of the plea as stated apt to be satisfactory to the government?

MR. AMOROSA: Yes, it is. Yes, it is.

In return for Mr. Batista's plea of guilty to count one of this indictment, the government will ask the Court to dismiss all remaining counts of this indictment at the time of sentencing and, in addition to that, the government will not prosecute Mr. Batista for any crimes that he committed in connection with this conspiracy, any substantive crimes, in the Eastern District of New York.

THE COURT: When you speak of substantive crimes,

in the Eastern District of New York, you mean related hereto?

MR. AMOROSA: Yes, sir, related to this particular conspiracy and in furtherance of it.

THE COURT: All right. Take the plea.

Read the count and see how the defendant offers to plead.

Which overt act do you want?

MR. AMOROSA: Pardon me?

THE COURT: Which overt act do you wish read to the defendant?

MR. AMOROSA: Your Honor, I would suggest -- I'm not certain what the defendant is going to say with respect to his admissions as to any overt acts. I would like them all read to the defendant.

He is involved directly in overt acts one, two, three, four and five of the six overt acts mentioned in furtherance of the conspiracy, and I don't know which one the defendant will admit to. As the Court is aware, only one is necessary.

THE COURT: Read the first two overt acts.

THE CLERK: Ernesto Batista, you are charged in count one of indictment 75 Criminal 320 as follows:

The defendants Ernesto Batista, Manuela Rodriguez,
Jose Enrique and Julian Gallego, the defendants, and others

to

and knowingly combined, conspired, confederated and agreed together and with each other to violate sections 812, 841(a)(1) and 841(b)(1)(A) of Title 21, U.S. Code.

It was part of said conspiracy that the said defendants unlawfully, intentionally and knowingly would distribute and possess with intent to distribute Schedule I and II Narcotic drug controlled substances, the exact amount thereof being to the grand jury unknown, in violation of Sections 812, 841(a)(1) and 841(b)(1)(A) of Title 21 U.S. Code.

Overt Acts:

In furtherance of the said conspiracy and to affect the objects thereof, the following overt acts were committed in the Southern District of New York and elsewhere.

- 1. On or about February 11, 1975, the defendant Ernesto Batista sold approximately 124.90 grams of cocaine hydrochloride at or near 263 West End Avenue, New York, New York.
- 2. On or about February 28, 1975, the defendant Ernesto Batista drove to 355 West 85th Street, New York, New York.

Do you understand the charge in count one of the indictment?

THE DEFENDANT: (Through the interpreter) Yes.

tion of all 12 jurors? Do you understand that?

And if your offer to plead guilty to this count is

24

25

Yes.

Q

1

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12 13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

accepted here today, you give up these rights with respect to this charge against you and the Court can impose sentence upon you just as if the jury had brought in a verdict of guilty against you.

Do you understand that?

A Yes.

Q If this Court should accept your offer of a plea of guilty to this count, the Court has the power to impose upon you a term of imprisonment up to 15 years or a fine of up to \$25,000, plus three years special parole, or some combination thereof.

Do you understand that so far?

A Yes.

And if you have a prior conviction for narcotics or drug law violation, then you may receive up to 30 years in prison or be fined up to \$50,000 or both, or some combination thereof, plus six years special parole term.

Do you understand that?

A Yes.

MR. AMOROSA: Judge, I would like to --

THE COURT: There is a correction there.

MR. AMOROSA: I just want to make it clear, Judge, that we haven't filed any second offender information against this defendant.

gtjt

2

1

THE COURT: You have not?

3

Ü

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

MR. AMOROSA: We have not and we have no intentions of doing so because he isn't a second offender.

THE COURT: Because he is not?

MR. AMOROSA: He is not.

THE COURT: I see. Then let's go back.

BY THE COURT:

Q Let me correct that.

If your plea of guilty to this charge is accepted, the Court has the power to impose upon you a fine of up to \$25,000 or imprisonment of up to 15 years, or both, or some combination thereof, plus a special parole term of 3 years.

Do you understand that?

A Yes.

Q Do you understand that if the terms and conditions of the special parole are violated, the parole term may be revoked and if the special parole term is revoked the original prison term imposed will be increased by an additional prison term equal to the length of the special parole and you may be required to serve all or a part of this additional term of imprisonment.

Do you understand that?

A Yes.

Q Have you been induced to offer to plead guilty by

gtjt

reason of any promises, statements or predictions by anybody
to the effect that you would get leniency or special treatment or consideration if you pleaded guilty instead of going
to trial, that is, other than has been stated here earlier

by your attorney and by the government's attorney?

A Nobody has told me.

Q You understand me? You understand that the government attorney and your attorney have indicated that if your plea of guilty is accepted by the Court, on the day you are sentenced the government has stated that a request will be made to dismiss all remaining counts in the indictment here and the government has stated through the Assistant United States Attorney here that you will not be prosecuted as to any substantive crimes relating to this case which arose or occured in the Eastern District of New York, Brooklyn or Long Island?

A Yes.

Q Have any other promises been made to you of any kind?

Do you understand that?

A No.

Q Have you been induced to plead guilty by reason of any fear or pressure or force or the like?

A No.

Q Are you presently under the influence of any

21 22

In addition, I might add quite briefly, we had a meeting two weeks ago with his fiancee who speaks Spanish and about two days later we had another meeting with a friend of his also speaks Spanish. We went over the consequences of going to trial, the evidence against the defendant as discussed by myself, the defendant, Mr. Roxby and Mr. Amorosa.

I explained to the defendant on several occasions exactly what conspiracy is, I explained to him what a trial is, I explained to him the fact that the Court would be asking him many questions about his rights and his right to have a trial today, and he indicated to me at that time, as he indicates to the Court today, that he wants to plead guilty to count one of the indicatent.

THE COURT: All right.

- Q That is all so, is that right?
- A Yes.
- Q And you still wish to plead guilty?
- A Yes.
- Q One final thing: you have to tell me what it is you say you are guilty of.

First of all, the indictment says that from November 1, 1974 until the date of the filing of the indictment, that is, March 27, 1975, that there was an agreement of some kind or other to violate the narcotic laws by distributing a drug

5

6

7

8

9

11

12

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

2 A Yes.

Q You knew it was against federal law to do that, did you not?

A I knew that I was violating the law, but I did not know that it was federal.

- Q And you intended to do what you di, is that not so?
- A Yes.
 - Q You knew what you were doing?
- 10 A Yes.
 - Q And on or about February 28, 1975, did you drive to 355 West 85th Street, New York, New York?
- 13 A That is where I live.
- 14 Q Did you drive there that day?
 - A I had to drive. I do not remember if it was that day, but I have to enter and leave the house.
 - Q And you do it by automobile sometimes?
 - A I have a car.
 - Q What I am trying to find out is, did you have a car on or about February 28, 1975, and did you drive to that address on or about that date, that day, the day before, the day after?
 - A Every day I leave here. I live here.
 - Q Did you have a car in February of 1975?

 All right. Let me ask you another one.

Here is another count.

3

1

4

6

7

8

10

11

12

13

14 15

plea.

16

17

18

19

20 21

22

23

24

25

On or about March 14, 1975, another overt act, did you drive to the vicinity of 62 Rossele Street in Mineola, Long Island, New York?

A Yes.

Q And did you have a package of cocaine in your possession at that time?

A Yes.

THE COURT: All right. Anything further?

MR. AMOROSA: No, sir.

THE COURT: Anything further?

MR. CORBIN: Your Honor, not with respect to the

THE COURT: The plea of not guilty is withdrawn. The plea of guilty is accepted to count one, and the clerk is directed to enter that plea, and a presentence report is requested.

Counsellor, make your client available to the probation department.

We will set the matter down for sentence on August 26, 1975.

MR. ROXBY: Can we do it sometime in early September your Honor?

THE COURT: All right.

TV

1 lh UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT 3 SOUTHERN DISTRICT OF NEW YORK 5 UNITED STATES OF AMERICA, 6 75 Crim. 320 VS. 7 ERNESTO BATISTA, 8 Defendant. 9 10 September 4, 1975 4:30 p.m. 11 Before: 12 HON. LAWRENCE PIERCE, 13 District Judge. 14 15 APPEARANCES: THOMAS J. CAHILL, ESQ., 16 United States Attorney for the 17 Southern District of New York DOMINIC AMOROSA, ESQ., 18 Assistant United States Attorney. ROBERT G. ROXBY, ESQ., 19 and 20 ROBERT CORBIN, ESQ., Attorneys for Defendant. 21 AL DE FLORES, Official Spanish Interpreter. 22 23 24 THE COURT: This is United States versus Batista,

75 Criminal 320. Present is the defendant Ernesto Batista

lh 2 and the interpreter is present, Mr. Al De Flores. Appearing for the defendant is Mr. Robert Roxby and Mr. Robert Corbin. 3 Appearing for the government is Mr. Dominic Amorosa. 5 DE FLORES, was duly sworn as official 6 Spanish interpreter. 7 THE COURT: The Court has received a pre-sentence 8 report from the Probation Office. It has been shared with defendant's attorneys but not with the government's attorney, Mr. Amorosa. 10 MR. AMOROSA: Yes, it has. Indeed, I am reading it 11 12 right now. 13 THE COURT: It has been shared with the AUSA also. 14 Mr. Batista, you are now before the Court for sentencing. On June 26, 1975 you pleaded guilty to the offense charged in 15 16 count one of the indictment. In substance, you were convicted 17 of conspiracy to violate the narcotic laws of the United States government. For the offense charged in that count the 18 19 law provides a maximum punishment of up to 15 years in prison or a fine of up to \$25,000 or both or some combination thereof, 20 21 and, in addition, a mandatory special parole term of at least 22 three years to follow any term of confinement. 23 Mr. Roxby or Mr. Corbin, do you know of any reason

have anything to say on Mr. Batista's behalf or any information

why sentence should not be imposed at this time or do you

24

to present in mitigation of sentence? First, is there any reason why sentence should not be imposed?

MR. ROXBY: Yes, your Honor. What we would like to suggest to the Court first, with reference to the probation report, the pre-sentence report that has been submitted to your Honor, Mr. Corbin and I have read it very quickly this afternoon and government's counsel is presently reading it for the first time.

THE COURT: It has been available to all counsel for several days.

MR. ROXBY: Then let me apologize for not being here a day earlier to study it more thoroughly, but on reading it I find it so inflammatory and prejudicial, and its contents not particularly relevant, especially when it goes into the subject areas which are not even contained in the indictment, allegations that purportedly are commissions that this man has done, they should not be before this Court.

This man has pled guilty to one count of an indictment and the purpose of this report is to give the Court background information as to this individual, his education status,
his history of work record, his past or present appearances
in the courts before the courts for perhaps prior commissions.
This report here goes into things that I have never ever
known about about this case and the government never even told

me about. I don't even know that the government itself, its counsel, was personally aware of some of the statements that are stated in that report by the probation officer.

I am sure the Judge upon reading it, as judicious and fair as you are, you must have some conclusions in your own mind which could very seriously affect the outcome of the sentencing here. The first four or five pages I read of that report are absolutely shocking to me. They are not the proper material to be contained in a probation or pre-sentencing report. They have no relevancy to this particular man.

THE COURT: What do you mean, no relevance?

MR. ROXBY: It is like the man sitting as judge and jury and drawing up conclusions and presenting them to the Court as to what this man may or may not have been involved in. Some of the things I have read there were not a part of the case at point at all.

THE COURT: Counselor, I don't understand there to be that kind of a limitation imposed, that apre-sentence report may only address itself to the matters which are essentially charged in the indictment. I don't think you are really saying that.

MR. ROXBY: The pre-sentence report, your Honor, should not be addressing itself to the issues of the case. That's behind us.

THE COURT: I think it should indeed do that. The issues of the case. In fact, one of the complaints I have is that sometimes we don't know enough about more of the issues in the case. In fact, in handling criminal cases in this court, one of the things that tends to be disturbing is that those are the issues that are rarely addressed, and for understandable reasons.

When we get Rule 35 motions, it is a rare matter that a defendant even starts off talking about the crime t-at was charged and that he pleaded guilty to or was convicted.

Defendants' attorneys rarely start off talking about the crime that was charged or that he pleaded guilty to. But that's understandable.

But the Judge has to know something more about the case than the scant words appearing in the count. This indeed is quite detailed in addressing itself to your client's alleged involvement in various aspects of the drug traffic.

MR. ROXBY: That's what concerns me so much, your Honor, because these are facts that we have never been privy to, and I have discussed the indictment and Mr. Corbin has too at great length with Mr. Batista, and went over all of the overt acts stated in the indictment, none of these things that are brought forth to the Court here are things we have gone over with the government. I don't even know that this

man has any knowledge of what the statements contained in that report say he is supposed to have done.

MR. AMOROSA: Your Honor, perhaps I can add a word here. I have read through the first four pages of the report with respect to the crime at hand, and I can represent to the Court that that information has come from my file. If the government had gone to trial in connection with this matter, what your Honor reads there in the first four pages your Honor would have heard from the witness stand in connection with this man.

There are some references to marijuana. Perhaps we would not have had testimony to that effect, but with respect to those cocaine transacitons which the report reveals, he government had testimony to that effect. We would have had testimony by an informant, we would have testimony by several drug enforcement agents with respect to those transactions.

I could represent that my reading has revealed no errors that I am aware of in connection with what the testimony would have been. I am not a judge and I am not a jury, but that's what my file reveals, and that's the evidence the government would have presented to the Court and the jury had we gone to trial.

MR. ROXBY: Then, your Honor, I would say that we had a meeting, maybe two, with Mr. Amorosa, we made a motion

for a bill of particulars on discovery, and none of this information was revealed to counsel, if the government was purportedly being open and frank with us. Besides that, we have already pleaded our defendant guilty to one count. My point is he has taken upon himself with full knowledge the responsibility of pleading guilty to one count.

A probation report should go into the man's background, into things that are relevant to him and not go and
try the case on its own. The probation officer isn't supposed
to sit here and do your Honor's job or the government's job in
proposing to submit to you in a report what the testimony
would have been brought out at a time when the case was brought
on for trial.

THE COURT: How else is the sentencing judge to find out the various facets of alleged information which purportedly could be related to the case for which the judge is about to sentence the defendant involved?

MR. ROXBY: By looking at his criminal record, by interviewing people who know him, by checking with his employers, relatives and friends.

THE COURT: Suppose it should develop that there are very, very serious aspects about a particular defendant with the crime charged which don't come out from his friends, relatives, from his mouth, and, indeed, perhaps he would have no

criminal record, what then is the Court to do, not avail itself of information in the government's files which would show
it?

As Mr. Amorosa states, it might or might not have been accepted by a jury, but at least it represented the evidence that the government had in its possession. It is customarily the case that the probation officer who prepares the pre-sentence investigation report here consults with the assistant United States attorney in order to try to find out from the assistant what the facts appear to be in connection with a sort of fleshing out, if you will, of what the case is all about. Certainly we cannot get it from the average indictment.

MR. ROXBY: I don't intend or expect that we should get it from the average indictment. It would be much too long and cumbersome.

THE COURT: Or too scant.

MR. ROXBY: I don't think we should do away with the privilege or proper responsibility of a jury to surmise and to conclude and to make their decision as to what the government's case is. I never have in my experience, and I am not that experienced, but I have had a good number of years in criminal practice, and I have never had presented in a presentencing report such a long statement of the government's

case.

THE COURT: I am afraid I have to disagree with you.

Before I ever came to this bench, I have read more probation reports than I care to think about.

MR. ROXBY: I feel it is inflammatory.

of the average Kings County probation officer's report back in my day as prosecutor, and I must admit I was chagrinned they were so long at the time, but they were quite lengthy, and they were frequently 13, 15 pages legal size, what we call legal size. So they were more detailed than these are today.

Let me ask you, does the defendant then challenge portions of what is set forth here, and, if so, what is your wish in that respect?

MR. ROXBY: I think I will have to leave that up to Mr. Corbin.

MR. AMOROSA: For the record, Judge, it is obvious that this defendant did admit his built with respect to the conspiracy. He did indicate that he was looking to sell and in fact approached agents with regard to substantial amounts of cocaine.

THE COURT: We don't have to go back through the taking of the plea. That stands for itself. We sought to be quite detailed and reasonably exhaustive before the Court

. 1

accepted his offer to plead guilty to the particular count.

MR. CORBIN: Judge, there is no question about the validity of the count, that Mr. Batista understood the consequences of it. There is also no question that Mr. Roxby, myself and Mr. Batista investigated this case at great length.

THE COURT: What is your request?

MR. CORBIN: My request is for an adjournment. The defendant disputes certain aspects of the probation report and I would like to see if we could schedule a conference to try to resolve any of the issues that are --

THE COURT: With whom? If you mean that you wish to have an adjournment because you have been taken by surprise with respect to certain statements which are made in the presentence report, that you have reason to believe that certain serious statements made in the report are inaccurate and you wish to pursue the matter further, I will adjourn it for that purpose. We are going to keep this tight, gentlemen.

MR. CORBIN: I'd just like to point something out.

I am not going to try to waste the court's time. I think you know the defendant came in to court after the attorneys investigated this case, he acknowledged his guilt promptly, nobody was delaying anybody else. This has truly taken us by surprise.

I think that one of the problems with this report is

*

>

that in addition to the assertions which in my opinion go beyond the scope of the indictment, which contained information which is totally new to me, after interviewing my client and seeing portions of the government's files, it is also that from the defendant's standpoint his interviews were conducted in a manner which leaves a lot of information unverified.

It is true he is from Santo Domings, but the probation officer himself made it quite clear that the sole basis of the information from the defendant -- that the information from the defendant and about the defendant came from the defendant himself. At no time did the probation officer contact me, even though I was available, and I had called him on several occasions to ask him if there was anything I could do in obtaining information from Santo Domingo and other things, at no time did he contact me to try to get verification --

THE COURT: I gather that you state all of this in support of your application for an adjournment?

MR. CORBIN: Absolutely, Judge.

THE COURT: I am going to grant the adjournment,
but I just want to caution you that I do not believe that a
pre-sentence report need be limited, and I have said it already,
I am really being repetitive, to the scant details that are
frequently set forth in an indictment or for that matter even

to the lengthy detail which is set forth in the lengthy indictment.

As you know, the government under certain circumstances, under certain rules of evidence and rules of law, is able to go beyond that which is charged in an effort to make — in an effort to prove certain states of mind. Sometimes certain patterns of conduct. I don't know that merely because what is set forth in this report — merely because it goes beyond what is set forth in count one, if it does, that that is necessarily somehow seriously defective or seriously prejudicial in the sense that it ought not be done. But you may have your adjournment.

MR. ROXBY: If your Honor please, I personally accompanied the defendant to the probation officer --

THE COURT: Counselor, there is little more that you could do with me here now.

MR. ROXBY: I would like to have the probation officer interview additional people who could --

THE COURT: I suggest that you meet with the chief or deputy chief, approrpriate deputy chief, either Mr.

Connolly or Mr. Kuznesof, and discuss with either of them your particular concerns, and then we will meet again. I will give you time to address yourself to these various concerns. How long do you need?

23

24

25

1h 1 13 MR. ROXBY: Your Honor, what is your schedule? I 2 understand that you have a trial that's been going on for some 3 time. THE COURT: Don't worry about that. We will take it 5 6 one afternoon, or whenever. 7 MR. ROXBY: Friday the 26th, your Honor, or Thursday the 25th? 9 THE COURT: Let's take a look at Thursday. How 10 is that for you, Mr. Amorosa? MR. AMOROSA: Judge, I would appreciate it if we 11 12 could do it the preceding week because I am beginning a long 13 trial the 22nd of September. Although if your Honor wants to 14 set it down the week of the 22nd, I could, of course, get somebody to cover for me. This trial will last about five 15 weeks. I could get somebody to cover for me. 16 17 THE COURT: Today is the 5th. If we adjourn it for two weeks -- I am sorry, the 4th. If we adjourn it for two 18 weeks, this would put it down for the 18th. Isn't two weeks 19 enough for the inquiry? 20 21 MR. ROXBY: The only thought we had, your Honor, is

we might want to write a letter to Santo Domingo and sometimes the mails take a little longer.

> THE COURT: What would that be addressed to? MR. CORBIN: Certain biographical information about

MR. CORBIN: Your Honor, the defendant has posted \$500 cash bail.

22

23

24

25

MR. AMOROSA: No objection to its continuance at this time.

THE COURT: Bail continued on the same terms and

2 | conditions.

MR. CORBIN: Would it be possible for defense counsel to obtain or have further access to the probation report?

MR. ROXBY: We'd like to have an opportunity to read it and study it more carefully in order to be certain that any statements contained in there are correct.

THE COURT: Yes, but we will make it available in my chambers. Up to this point, we are not yet at the point of making copies or allowing copies to be made. It will be available in my chambers or I imagine it is available in Probation --

MR. ROXBY: They won't make it available to us.

THE COURT: It will be available for your study and whatever in my chambers, just don't make a copy of it, as such. If Mr. Amorosa requires the same opportunity, it is available to him as well.

(Court adjourned.)

a true and accurate transcript, to the best my (our) skill and ability, from my (our) senographic notes of this proceeding.

Official Court Reporter

| 1 | jqe jqe |
|----|---|
| 2 | UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT |
| 3 | SOUTHERN DISTRICT OF NEW YORK |
| 4 | × 0.0 OF N. V. |
| 5 | UNITED STATES OF AMERICA : |
| 6 | -against- : 75 Cr. 320 |
| 7 | ERNESTO BATISTA, : |
| 8_ | Defendant. : |
| 9 | x |
| 10 | September 19, 1975 |
| 11 | 9:30 a.m. BEFORE: |
| 12 | |
| 13 | HON. LAWRENCE W. PIERCE, |
| 14 | District Judge |
| 15 | APPEARANCES: |
| 16 | DOMINIC F. AMOROSA, ESO. Assistant United States Attorney |
| 17 | ROBERT CORBIN, ESO. |
| 18 | ROBERT ROXBY, ESO. Attorneys for the Defendant. |
| 19 | SYLVIA AGUILAR - Spanish Interpreter. |
| 20 | |
| 21 | |
| 22 | |
| 23 | |
| 24 | |
| | |

XX

21

22

23

24

25

MR. AMOROSA: Government is ready.

MR. CORBIN: Defendant is ready, your Honor.

THE COURT: We have an interpreter present.

Please swear the interpreter.

A G U I L A R, sworn by the Clerk of the Court as the Official Spanish Interpreter, interpreted as follows:

THE COURT: Would you ask Mr. Ernesto Batista if he understands you, Miss Aguilar.

(Miss Aguilar complied.)

THE COURT: The Court has received a letter from defendant's attorney dated September 10, 1975.

That letter challenges certain portions of the pre-sentence report. The Court has considered that letter and has deemed it advisable to exclude the challenged portions of the report from its determination at sentence and having done so, and having modified the intended sentence accordingly, I believe that we are now ready to proceed.

Mr. Batista, you are now before the Court for sentence.

On June 26, 1975, you pleaded guilty to the offense charged in Count 1 of the indictment. In substance you were convicted of conspiracy to violate the narcotic laws of the United States, more specifically, with violation

Batista the serious nature of his behavior and the conse-

2 quences which could flow therefrom.

We have emphasized this in our many meetings together. It is our opinion that he does understand that his behavior has been extremely serious. One of the things that we specifically emphasized in the beginning is that in Federal Court neither an attorney nor a member of the Justice Department, nor a member of the Probation Department can predict exactly what the Court will do to a convicted felon.

Mr. Batista has understood this from the beginning, your Honor.

As far as the inferences in the report which relate to Mr. Batista really going around in New York City over the past couple of years, I have a letter in my hand from the Hotel Paris in Manhattan which indicates that he was a registered resident there for two years.

If the Court would like to see it I can show it to the Court.

THE COURT: Pass it up.

All right.

MR. CORBIN: As the report does state, Mr.
Batista has been living at West 85th Street with his fiance
for approximately a year.

Mr. Batista was born in Santa Domingo. His father left home when he was a young child. He informs me

that he used to work in the markets around the city where he lived to help support his family. His payment would be in food, excess food, which would be available at the end of the day.

When he was a teenager and developed a proficiency in boxing, he used to entertain wealthy citizens in his country at parties they would throw or conduct in his home and he informed me that his payment for those exhibitions was in food, which he would bring to his family.

Both Mr. Batista and his fiance, Miss Hernandez, have informed me that the defendant has regularly sent monies home to his family in Santo Domingo. Mr. Batista has been in a stable and what seems to me to be an affectionate relationship with his fiance, Miss Hernandez, who is in the courtroom today.

They tell me they have known each other for three years. They have been together ever since I know them, Judge. I don't know whether the Court has any feeling as to whether Mr. Batista is a sensitive individual or not.

Perhaps a short vignette would perhaps point this out.

Several years ago he met a man who later became his friend. This man is a well-known bandleader in the City of New York, whose band has recently performed at Madison Square Garden and the Americana Hotel.

.

This is the Ismael Rivera, who is referred to in the probation report, who has recently employed Mr. Batista.

At the time that they met, Mr. Rivera was a heroin addict and had been for many years. As a result of Mr. Batista's friendship with this man, Mr. Batista insisted that he train with him. When Mr. Batista embarked on his physical training he spent a lot of time with him and incorporated him into his life and according to Mr. Rivera, Mr. Batista gave him the strength to confront his addiction problem, which he is now cured of.

As far as the defendant's behavior and conduct since he first came before the Court, I would like to point out the following things:

First, he has acknowledged his guilt quite promptly after the indictment was handed down. To date he has cooperated with every directive and instruction that his probation officer has given him. I would point out to the Court that I think Mr. Batista respects the Court and the laws of this country. He is free on what I would consider to be imminently reasonable bail, the kind of bail which I think any individual that had to, could probably raise. Yet despite the fact that he knows and he known from the beginning of this case that he faces a very lengthy jail

1

3

5

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

lawyer a moment?

25

term, he has at all times remained within the jurisdiction and appeared in court at each and every adjourned date.

Another aspect of his behavior which I would mention, Judge, is that despite his current troubles, Ernesto Batista has never tried to display any of the frustrations which he may feel about his current difficulties by harrassing or contacting any of the informants known to him in this case, who were responsible for introducing him to agents of the DEA.

For these reasons, your Honor, I think there are things in Mr. Batista's background that would show strength, which show a degree of character and can help the Court conclude, if it chooses, that Mr. Batista would be an excellent candidate for probation. He could be specially supervised. Any violations he might make of probation could be easily monitored and quickly dealth with in any manner deemed by the Court.

Thank you very much.

THE COURT: Mr. Batista, do you know of any reason why sentence should not be imposed at this time?

THE DEFENDANT: I do not understand that.

THE COURT: Do you wish to speak with your

THE DEFENDANT: I have said everything.

It leads to tragedy and suffering in the lives of vast

Drug selling is the scourge of this city.

would come before this Court.

23

24

2 numbers of our citizens.

As an alien in this country, the defendant had reason to observe the laws of this country as conscientiously as any American citizen.

Due to the serious nature of the charge, it is ajudged that the defendant is committed to the custody of the Attorney General or his authorized representative, for a term of seven years with a special parole term of three years thereafter, pursuant to Title 21, United States Code, Section 841.

Mr. Corbin, Mr. Roxby, what is your motion with respect to counts 2 through 4 and 5?

MR. ROXBY: I would ask at this time that those counts be dismissed.

MR. AMOROSA: We have no objection, your Honor.

THE COURT: Dismissed.

MR. ROXBY: I think it should also be noted on the record that the defendant herein has cooperated with the Government and he has at all times made himself available to the Government or its agencies for any and all appearances.

The Government has indicated that they acknowledge
his cooperation and I would respectfully trust that at any
times when probation or parole would be under consideration

I (We) hereby certify that the foregoing is a true and accurate transcript, to the bes: of my (our) skill and ability, from my (our) stenographic notes of this proceeding. Chunones

> Official Court Reported BL & District Const

10

24

20

21

22

23

1

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

14